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[Croquis: The Settlement House, Charity Movements and Philanthropic Effort]

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Présentation de la fiche

Coteb013_f0096

SourceBoite_013 | Bibliographies diverses. Pauvreté. Hermaphrodites. Anormalité. Criminalité. Onan

LangueFrançais

TypeFicheLecture

RelationNumérisation d'un manuscrit original consultable à la BnF, département des Manuscrits, cote NAF 28730

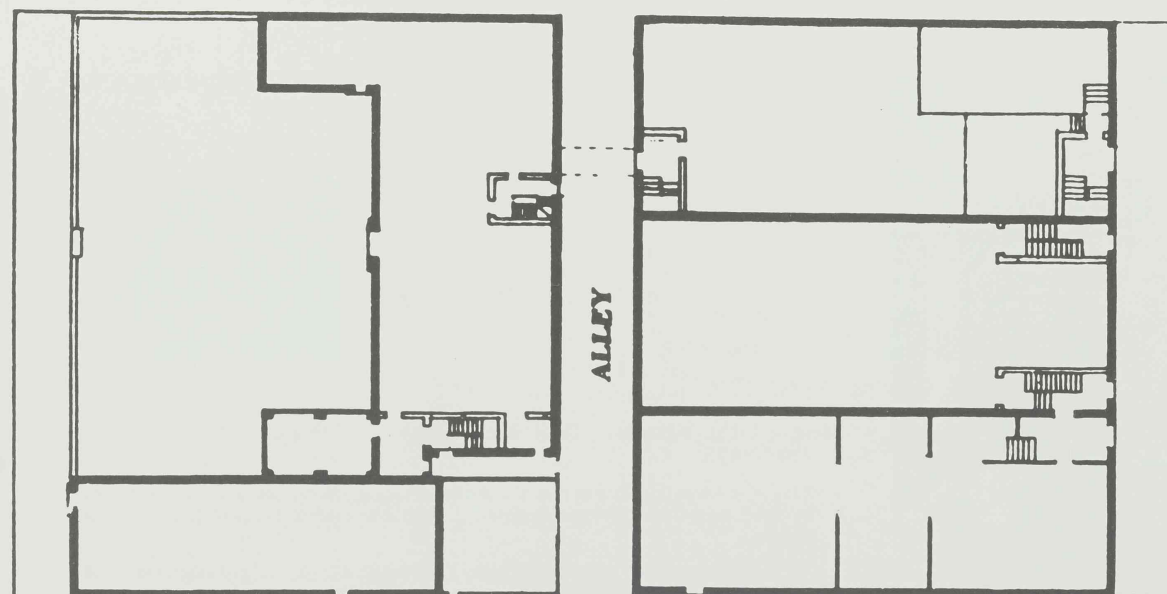
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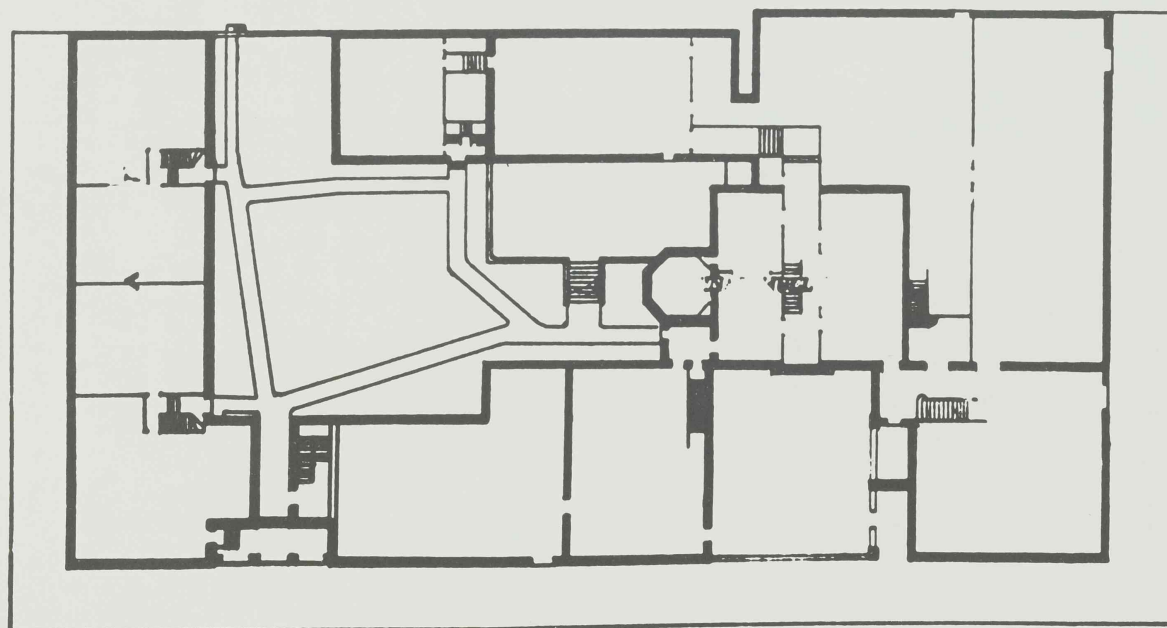
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Notice créée par [équipe FFL](#) Notice créée le 18/03/2021 Dernière modification le 23/04/2021



PLAN OF HULL HOUSE BUILDINGS



THE SETTLEMENT
HOUSE, CHARITY
MOVEMENTS AND
PHILANTHROPIC
EFFORTS



THE SETTLEMENT HOUSE, CHARITY MOVEMENTS AND PHILANTHROPIC EFFORTS

The 18th century first witnessed the development of philanthropic and charitable institutions through group efforts — from charity schools to hospitals, dispensaries, asylums for the insane and later for the deaf, dumb and blind. But the greater and more complex needs of an increasing population made it necessary for the state to supplement private generosity with public funds and increased state supervision as philanthropy tended towards new forms of organized charity, notably the social settlement. The settlement movement began in England with Samuel A. Banett's founding of Toynbee Hall in 1884 which sought to bring 'some of the nation's chief sources of power' into the vacuum left by the collapse of older forms of community life. This approach especially appealed to early overseas visitors who were to become the founders of America's first settlements — Stanton Coit and Charles B. Stover, Jane Addams and Ellen Gates Starr, Jane E. Robbins and Jean Fine, William J. Tucker and Robert A. Woods.

HELEN BOSANQUET. **SOCIAL WORK IN LONDON, 1869-1912.** A History of the Charity Organization Society.

This study, by the secretary of the Charity Organization Society and a member of the Royal Commission on the Poor Laws, traces the development of the English charity organization societies from their origin in the Marylebone district committee of 1869 up to the turn of the century. The careful use of historical source materials provide a clear delineation of the English charity organization societies — both in terms of the work they set out to do and the problems they faced. Specific chapters treat the subjects of housing and sanitation, care of the 'defective' poor, medical charities, assistance to children, the Poor Law, and the Local Government Act of 1894.

**Altholz, #909.

1914/1971

x, 420 pp.

\$15.00

⊛ P. H. J. H. GOSDEN. **THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES IN ENGLAND, 1815-1875.**

This is the standard history of the British Friendly Societies which were built up by workingmen to provide themselves with some security against poverty and sickness.

"Will be the source of most of our knowledge about the growth of Friendly Societies for many years to come." *Business History*

**Altholz, #1261.

1961

x, 262 pp., illus., maps

06759-7

\$7.50

⊛ B. KIRKHAM GRAY. **A HISTORY OF ENGLISH PHILANTHROPY.** From the Dissolution of the Monasteries to the Taking of the First Census.

**Williams, II, p. 273 "treats of elementary education and child labor, hospitals, asylums, prison reform and the slave trade, poor relief, village charities, characteristics of 18th century philanthropy. Important."

1905/1967

xv, 302 pp.

05053-8

\$12.50



THE FOUNDLINGS' HOSPITAL